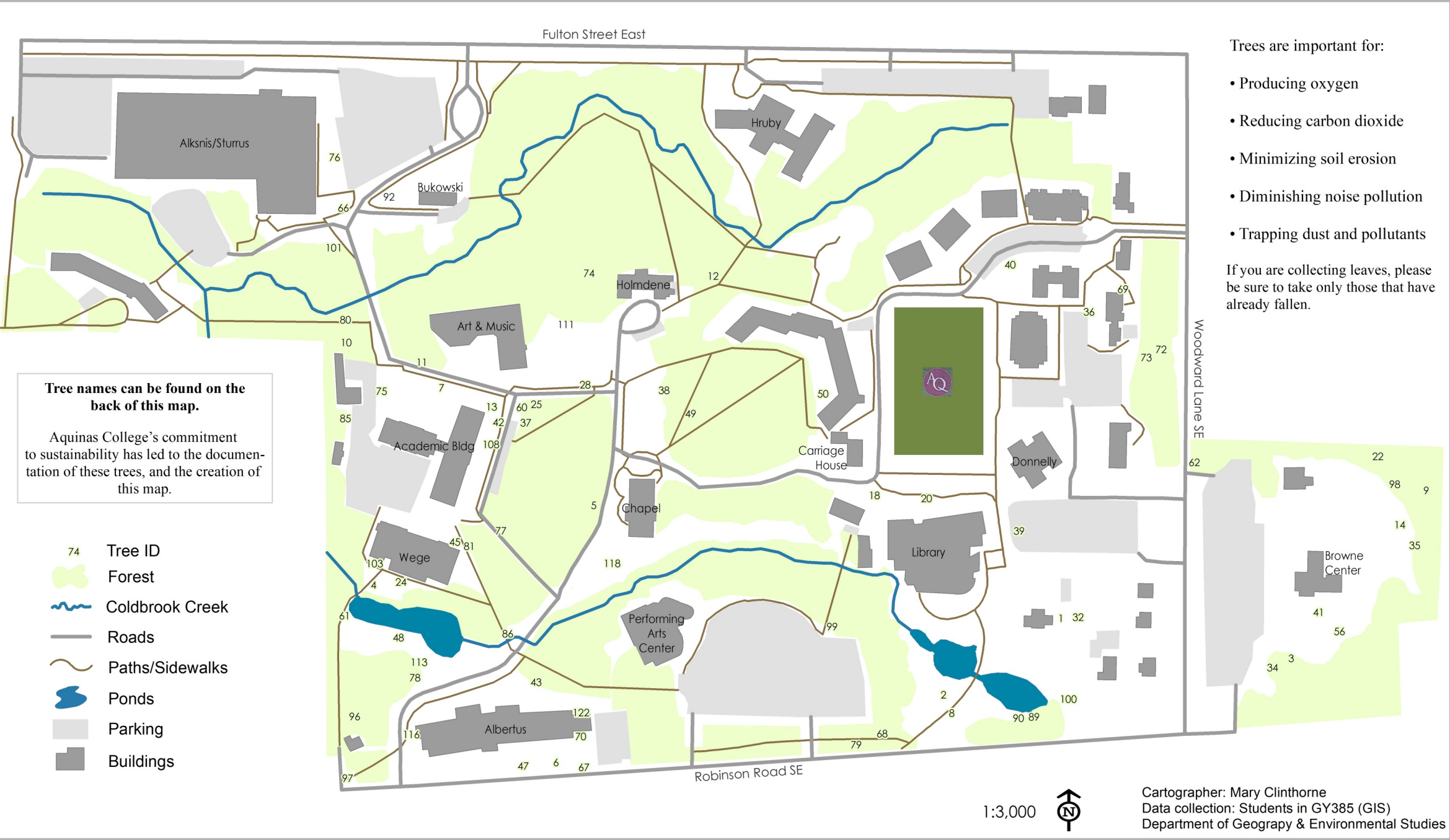


Explore Aquinas College Trees

Be sure to explore our award-winning “Aquinas College Trees: Past, Present, and Future” interactive application at aquinas.edu/trees. There, you can learn more about the history of trees on our campus and explore interactive maps that include detailed descriptions of our amazing trees. Copies of this paper map are available on campus in the Albertus Magnus Hall of Science atrium and at the AQ Campus Safety building.



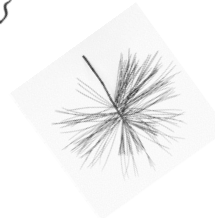
As you wander through our campus, note the mixed coniferous and the beech-maple deciduous forests that are typical of this part of Michigan. Trees are part of the history of the Aquinas College property, dating back to the Edward Lowe estate in the early 1900s. Mr. Lowe appreciated the beauty of trees, and he put great importance in planting a diversity of trees. Edward Lowe planted over one thousand trees on his property, including a stand of beech trees of which he was particularly fond. Even today, some quite large beech trees can be found on campus, likely dating to Edward Lowe's years of landscaping.

The list below includes our trees marked with identifying posts. Trees can be characterized as native, naturalized, introduced, or invasive; more than half of the marked on campus today are native to Michigan. (Find the specifics at aquinas.edu/trees.) Native trees are indigenous to Michigan and are important in maintaining the stability and diversity of our forest ecosystems. Managing the health and variety of trees on our campus is a priority as Aquinas College looks toward a sustainable future.

Tree	Common Name	Scientific Name	Tree	Common Name	Scientific Name
1	Amur Maple	<i>Acer ginnala</i>	60	Dawn Redwood	<i>Metasequoia</i>
2	Japanese Maple	<i>Acer palmatum</i>	61	Red Mulberry Tree	<i>Morus rubra</i>
3	Sycamore Maple	<i>Acer pseudoplatanus</i>	62	Hop-Hornbeam	<i>Ostrya virginiana</i>
4	Red Maple	<i>Acer rubrum</i>	66	Colorado Blue Spruce	<i>Picea pungens</i>
5	Silver Maple	<i>Acer saccharinum</i>	67	Red (Norway) Pine	<i>Pinus resinosa</i>
6	Sugar Maple	<i>Acer saccharum</i>	68	White Pine	<i>Pinus strobus</i>
7	Norway Maple	<i>Acer plantanoides</i>	69	Scotch Pine	<i>Pinus sylvestris</i>
8	Schwedler Maple	<i>Acer plantanoides 'Schwedleri'</i>	70	American Sycamore	<i>Plantanus occidentalis</i>
9	Box Elder (Ash-Leaf Maple)	<i>Acer negundo</i>	71	Cottonwood	<i>Populus deltoides</i>
10	Ohio Buckeye	<i>Aesculus glabra</i>	72	Sweet Cherry	<i>Prunus avium</i>
11	Horse Chestnut	<i>Aesculus hippocastanum</i>	73	Wild Black Cherry	<i>Prunus serotina</i>
12	Tree of Heaven	<i>Ailanthus altissima</i>	74	Weeping Higan Cherry	<i>Prunus subhirtella 'Pendula'</i>
13	Serviceberry	<i>Amelanchier arborea</i>	75	Douglas Fir	<i>Pseudotsuga menziesii</i>
14	White Birch	<i>Betula papyrifera</i>	76	White Oak	<i>Quercus alba</i>
15	Yellow Birch	<i>Betula allegheniensis</i>	77	Swamp White Oak	<i>Quercus bicolor</i>
18	Bitternut Hickory	<i>Carya cordiformis</i>	78	Bur Oak	<i>Quercus macrocarpa</i>
20	Shagbark Hickory	<i>Carya ovata</i>	79	Pin Oak	<i>Quercus palustris</i>
22	Chinese Chestnut	<i>Castanea mollissima</i>	80	Red Oak	<i>Quercus rubra</i>
24	Yellowwood	<i>Cladrastis kentukea</i>	81	Black Oak	<i>Quercus velutina</i>
25	Flowering Dogwood	<i>Cornus florida</i>	85	Black Locust	<i>Robina pseudo-acacia</i>
28	Smoke Tree	<i>Cotinus coggygria</i>	86	White Willow	<i>Salix alba</i>
32	Burning Bush	<i>Euonymus atropurpureus</i>	89	Corkscrew Willow	<i>Salix matsudana tortuosa</i>
34	American Beech	<i>Fagus grandifolia</i>	90	Black Willow	<i>Salix nigra</i>
35	European Beech	<i>Fagus sylvatica</i>	92	Sassafras	<i>Sassafras albidum</i>
36	Cutleaf Beech	<i>Fagus laciniata</i>	96	Japanese Yew	<i>Taxus cuspidata</i>
37	Purple Beech	<i>Fagus purpurea</i>	97	Eastern (Canadian) Hemlock	<i>Tsuga canadensis</i>
39	White Ash	<i>Fraxinus americana</i>	98	Arbor Vitae (Red Cedar)	<i>Thuja occidentalis</i>
40	Green Ash	<i>Fraxinus pennsylvanica</i>	99	Basswood	<i>Tilia americana</i>
41	Ginkgo	<i>Ginkgo biloba</i>	100	American Elm	<i>Ulmus americana</i>
42	Thornless Honey Locust	<i>Gleditsia triacanthos inermis-varieties</i>	101	Siberian Elm	<i>Ulmus pumila</i>
43	Kentucky Coffeetree	<i>Gymnocladus dioica</i>	103	Cork (Rock) Elm	<i>Ulmus thomasii</i>
45	Rose of Sharon	<i>Hibiscus syriacus</i>	108	Japanese Zelkova	<i>Zelkova serrata</i>
47	Black Walnut	<i>Juglans nigra</i>	111	Common Paw Paw	<i>Asimina triloba</i>
48	Tamarack	<i>Larix laricina</i>	113	Hackberry	<i>Celtis occidentalis</i>
49	Sweet Gum	<i>Liquidambar styraciflua</i>	116	Blackgum	<i>Nyssa sylvatica</i>
50	Tulip Poplar	<i>Liriodendron tulipifera</i>	118	Quaking Aspen	<i>Populus tremuloides</i>
56	Saucer Magnolia	<i>Magnolia soulangiana</i>	122	Arrowwood	<i>Viburnum dentatum</i>



How many beech trees can you find on our campus?



How many trees native to Michigan can you find on our campus?

